



# KINEX BEARINGS

ROLLING BEARINGS FOR RAILWAY VEHICLES



# MORE THAN 100 YEARS EXPERIENCES IN ENGINEERING AND BEARINGS PRODUCTION



# REFERENCES

#### **MANUFACTURERS**

Akit (IR), Astra Rail (RO), Bombardier Transportation (DE), Bonatrans (CZ), Gredelj (HR), Interpipe (UA), Lucchini (IT), MAV Tiszavas (HU), Škoda Transportation (CZ), Tatravagónka (SK), Tyre (CN), Uniwagon (RU)

#### **RAILWAY COMPANIES**

BR (GB), ČD Cargo (CZ), DB Cargo (GB), Deutsche Bahn (DE), HŽ (HR), Lokaltog (DK), MAV (HU), PKP Cargo (PL), PKP Intercity (PL), SBB Cargo (CH), SJ AB (SE), SŽ (SI), ZSSK (SK), ZSSK Cargo (SK), ŽS (RS), AAE (CH), GATX (DE), Touax (FR), VTG (DE)



# **COMPANY PROFILE**

Production program of the KINEX BEARINGS includes wide assortment of standard and special rolling bearings for different industrial branches. Production plants went through complicated historical development from their establishment and presently the KINEX BEARINGS with its large scale production program belongs to global producers of the rolling bearings.

Production of the rolling bearings has a long term tradition. KINEX BEARINGS offers complex services in the field of research, development and production of the rolling bearings and rolling elements. One of the most significant industrial segments in term of volume of sold bearings is the railway industry. Beginning of production in segment of single row roller bearings for the railway vehicles dates from year 1959. A commercial corporation KINEX BEARINGS, a.s. belongs at the moment to leaders in field of the roller bearings supplies for axles of the freight wagons in Europe and disposes of validations for different products supplies

needed for application of the above mentioned bearings in various territories. Production of the single row roller bearings that are used in railway industry is assured in accordance with requirements of the European standard EN 12080. KINEX BEARINGS, a.s. (Joint Stock Company) offers also deliveries of the bearing units for axles of the goods wagons with load on the axle 22.5 tons and axle load of 25 tons.

# PRODUCT PORTFOLIO FOR RAILWAY ROLLING BEARINGS

- bearings
- axleboxes
- > tailor made services

# Application of bearings

# LOCOMOTIVES

> AXLE SEATINGS OF ELECTRIC AND DIESEL LOCOMOTIVES



> TRACTION MOTORS AND GENERATORS INCL. ELECTRICALLY INSULATED BEARINGS



- > TRANSMISSIONS
- > COMPRESSOR'S MOTORS, FANS MOTORS
- DRIVE OF BLOWERS EXCITERS AND CHARGING DYNAMOS OF ELECTRIC AND DIESEL LOCOMOTIVES









# **APPLICATION OF BEARINGS**

# TRAIN SETS AND WAGONS

> BEARING UNIT FOR PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION CRU





> AXLEBOXES AND ROLLER BEARINGS FOR PASSENGER CARS AND FREIGHT WAGONS





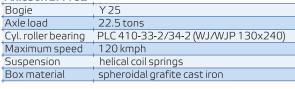
NOLLER BEARINGS FOR METRO AND TRAMS



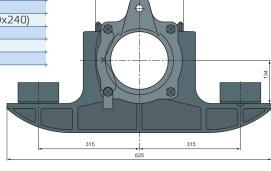


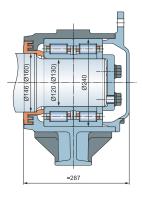
# FREIGHT WAGON AXLEBOXES

#### Axlebox BA 182





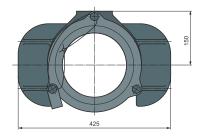


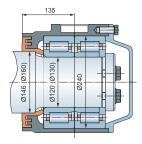


### Axlebox BA 381

	Bogie	2 and 4 axle goods wagon
ĺ	Axle load 2	22.5 tons
ĺ	Cyli. roller bearing	PLC 410-33-2/34-2 (WJ/WJP 130x240)
Ī	Maximum speed	120 kmph
ĺ	Suspension	leaf spring
ĺ	Box material	spheroidal grafite cast iron



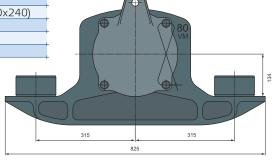


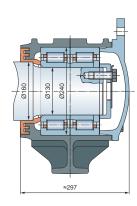


#### Axlebox 80 VM

Bogie	, Y 25
Axle load	25 tons
Cyl. roller bearing	PLC 410-33-2/34-2 (WJ/WJP 130x240)
Maximum speed	120 kmph
Suspension	helical coil springs
Box material	cast steel



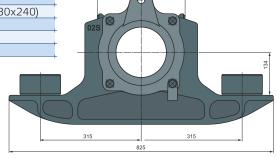


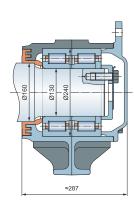


#### Axlebox BA 386 (025)

	023)
Bogie	Y 25
Axle load	25 tons
Cyl. roller bearing	PLC 410-33-2/34-2 (WJ/WJP 130x240)
Maximum speed	120 kmph
Suspension	helical coil springs
Box material	spheroidal grafite cast iron
	·









# **TRAININGS**

# ASSEMBLY TRAININGS, DISASSEMBLING AND MAINTENANCE OF CYLINDRICAL BEARINGS FOR RAIL VEHICLES

KINEX offers and provides professional trainings and practical demonstrations of assembling and disassembling of roller bearings for axle boxes of railway vehicles. The objective of these trainings is to train the staff of assembly plants in proper assembling of roller bearings which requires the use of correct procedures, tools, measurement fixtures and lubrications.

For this area, KINEX has a group of experienced technicians who are ready to solve the assembling and disassembling procedure on site or demonstrate their own assembling. Based on customer requirements, we performed professional trainings for rail vehicles of cargo transport, subway, urban transport and locomotives. The subject of the training is basic information about bearings made by KINEX, assembling and disassembling of bearings and maintenance of bearings.





# RULES OF MOUNTING AND DISMOUNTING OF BEARINGS

#### WARMING UP OF BEARINGS INNER RINGS

Bearings of higher diameter series, used mostly in railway vehicles, require a bigger force to be pressed on at tight fitting. Therefore warming up of inner rings of bearings is used advantageously at the time of mounting them.

The bearings can be warmed up inductively or by air in electric furnace. Sufficient thermal expansion is achieved at the temperature 80–110 °C. The abutment dimensions of the axle journal and axlebox must be checked by measuring prior to bearings mounting procedure. The ring faces must be seated on their whole circumferences. Prior to mounting works it is necessary to check if the marking on the bearing is in conformity with the data on the drawing and at the list of parts.

#### Protection of contact surfaces and lubrication

Before fitting of the bearings it is advantageous to coat the contact surface of the axle journal and axlebox with a fine thin layer of LFAG 3 paste or with some other suitable agent in order to prevent rise of contact corrosion. At the time of mounting procedure, the bearings will be filled with a base grease, the brand and quantity of which is specified by the railway company with the consent of the bearings manufacturer.

#### Conditions for assembling

Mounting works must be carried out at a dry and dustfree workplace. The bearings, axleboxes and accessories must be protected from humidity and dirtiness during storage, checking and mounting procedures.

#### Dismounting of the bearings

If the bearings are to be reused after dismounting, this procedure must be carried out professionally with the help of suitable jigs and in accordance with the beforehand fixed procedure at a dry and dustfree workplace.

#### Jigs used for dismounting

It is important to be careful about that, only the ring which is to be pulled off was caught by the extracting jig. The force needed for dismounting must not be in any case carried through the rolling elements, since it would cause damage of raceways.

# REPLACEMENT OF SPHERICAL ROLLER BEARINGS BY KINEX'S CYLINDRICAL ROLLER BEARINGS FOR AXLES OF RAILWAY VEHICLES

Roller bearings have been and are introduced due to their technical and service benefits as a better solution of rail vehicle axle imposition. Therefore, there are continuously deployed into operation and as a replacement of spherical bearings.

Currently, from all spherical bearings, there are only bearings with dimensions 130x220x73 mm used in railway transports.

Based on the interest of European railways, KINEX BEARINGS, a.s. has developed and integrated into production roller bearings with identical dimensions and designation PLC 410–223-2/224-2, which may be used as a replacement for spherical bearings.

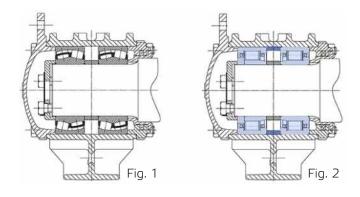
Principally, the replacement of spherical bearings with roller bearings should not be taken just as a mutual replacement of bearings without an impact on their internal loading in relation with various types of bearing boxes.

The way of ensuring of the functionality of the roller bearings (for instance respecting of the axial clearance) requires a qualification of bearing boxes (with tightening of lids onto the firmly anchored or continuous screws) and supplementing of the bearings with spacing rings as at the spherical bearings for two alternatives of length of the wheelset pins (191mm and 217mm).

#### **TECHNICAL BENEFITS**

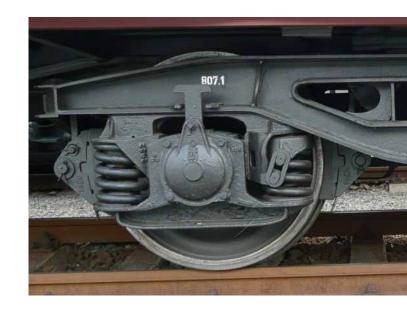
They mainly lie in:

- ➤ At roller bearings the ring orbits and cylindrical surface of the cylinders are loaded by radial force Fr only and the axial forces Fa, which act shortly, i.e. there are transferred between the roller heads and supporting heads of the rings when driving through rail switches and curves, so they do not affect the bearing lifetime (see Fig. 1)
- At spherical bearings, both forces load the rolling surfaces of rings and spherical bodies (see Fig. 2)
- > Roller bearings can also be used at high velocities, spherical bearings cannot be used in these cases
- The construction of roller bearings allows use of easier and less demanding assembling and disassembling of imposition.



#### **ECONOMIC BENEFITS**

- > Reduction of work intensity for service processes (assembling/disassembling)
- Significant time savings when assembling and disassembling in comparison with spherical bearings, i.e. saves up to 60% of required time!
- > Cost reduction of bearing replacement by 20 %
  - For roller bearings, a replacement of individual components (bearing block external ring, rollers, cage, inner rings, lean-ring)
  - Interchangeability of inner rings of cylindrical roller bearings
  - Replacement of whole bearing for spherical bearings
- When disassembling spherical roller bearings, the operator of repair shall comply with a specific regime, special fixture to squeeze the bearings, usage of special hydraulic device (oil pressure) => a big impact on the compliance with strict safety and health protection, environmental protection, what represents increased costs.





# RECONDITIONING OF ROLLING BEARINGS

# FOR RAIL VEHICLES

Reconditioning is defined as a process of maintenance to extend the operational capability and lifetime of the bearings which were already used.

Reconditioning is defined as a change of geometry and shear stress, which is realized by removal of stressed material volume and/or a replacement of rolling elements by a new set of bodies or rings, respectively.

Due to the qualified reconditioning process, KINEX BEARINGS is able to provide its customers with following benefits:

Reduction of maintenance costs

Extending of operational life of bearings Improving of overall reliability of rail vehicles

Shortening of delivery times

Solving of disposal process (scrap)

Reduced environmental impacts through recycling of bearings

Analysis of costshowed that the reinstating of roller bearings, in compa-

Level 0. – Diagnostics of a bearing

\*a bearing block – an assembly of external ring+cage+roller bodies

This level includes the inspection of used bearings (appearance, operation), cleaning, disassembly, dimensional control and control of bearing properties (dimensions in accordance with drawings, hardness), processing of the protocol (a recommendation of suitable repair level). Bearings with high level of wear (for instance damage of raceway due to the fatigue of material under surface, cracks, pitting) are not included into reconditioning process...

Depending on the wear degree (surface damage caused by particles which cannot normally be given to the previous state by superfinish or grinding, respectively), the repair is divided into the following three levels:

# Level I. – Basic reconditioning (maintenance) of a bearing block

This also includes all operations of level 0 and next operations:

- > Corrosion removal (polishing and cleaning of functional and non-functional ring surfaces)
- > Inspection of the ring by a non-destructive test
- > Cleaning of the ring
- Re-assembling, in case of need a change of new cage or exchange of brass cage with a new plastic cage
- > Demagnetizing and cleaning of bearing block
- > Preservation
- > Packaging

#### Level II. – Reconditioning of a bearing block

This level incl. all operations of level 0 and further operations:

 Corrosion removal (polishing and cleaning of functional and non-functional ring surfaces) rison with purchasing of the new ones, achieves a potential of savings which can be found in interval between 50 up to 80%. It depends on the complexity and condition of each bearing.

A roller bearing cannot be used indefinitely. Sooner or later, a fatigue of material will appear. Operating lifetime of bearing is the number of rotations which one ring makes to another ring and load until fatigue of material appears on one of rings or rolling element. The analysis and experience gained by qualified reconditioning show that the reconditionated bearings can achieve almost identical lifetime and reliability in comparison with new bearings.

KINEX BEARINGS performs the reconditioning according to M 6328 standard, specifications Ril 984.0400 and VPI 04 for own axle bearings (ZVL, ZKL, KINEX) and also reconditioning of unified structure branded SKF Germany, SKF Poland (since 1972), FAG, NTN, KRW, Jaeger, FTL Poland (since 1972).

Depending on the use, the degree of bearing wear and analysis of used bearings, KINEX BEARINGS, a.s. offers several levels of bearing reconditioning.

- > Superfinish (polishing) of raceways
- > Inspection of the ring by a non-destructive test
- > Cleaning of the ring
- Re-assembling including the replacement of a new cage or a change of new cage or exchange of brass cage with a new plastic cage
- > Demagnetizing and cleaning of bearing block
- > Preservation
- > Packaging

#### Level III. - Reconditioning of a bearing block

This level includes all operations of level  $\overline{0}$  and further operations:

- Grinding of cylindrical ring diameter / Corrosion removal (polishing and cleaning of functional and non-functional ring surfaces)
- > Grinding of raceways
- > Super finish (polishing) of raceways
- > Inspection of the ring by a non-destructive test
- > Cleaning of the ring
- Re-assembling including the replacement of a new cage or a change of new cage or exchange of brass cage with a new plastic cage including new rollers
- Demagnetizing and cleaning of bearing block
- Preservation
- Packaging

#### Level IV. - Reconditioning/repair of a bearing

This level includes all operations of level 0, in case of need also the operations I. up to III. and following operation:

New ring installation

Clearly identified procedures and classification ensure that the bearing after reconditioning meets defined operational standards.



# RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

An important factor of quality improvement of cylindrical roller bearings is continuing design improvement that optimises lubrication, increases loading capacity and minimizes edge stresses.

# KINEX BEARINGS HAS BEEN GIVING CONTINUOUS ATTENTION TO

- > new products development
- > present products improvement



CONTINUING
DESIGN IMPROVEMENT
INCREASES BEARING'S LIFE AND RELIABILITY

# INSPECTION AND TESTING

The production of axlebox cylindrical roller bearings used in railway industry is assured in accordance with requirements of european standard EN 12 080.

Rig performance tests of axlebox cylindrical roller bearings according to EN 12082, UIC 515-5

Axle load 22,5 tons, speed 120 km per hour Axle load 16 tons, speed 200 km per hour Axle load 25 tons, speed 120 km per hour









# STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

#### **STANDARDS**

STN EN 12080 Railway vehicles; Axle boxes; Rolling bearings
 STN EN 12081 Railway vehicles; Axle boxes; Plastic lubricants
 STN EN 12082 Railway vehicles; Axle boxes; Performance test

> STN EN ISO 683-17 Steel intended for heat treatment; Alloyed and free cutting steel

Part 17: Steel for the rolling bearings

STN EN 1982 Copper and copper alloys. Ingots and castings
 STN EN 12420 Copper and copper alloys. Forged pieces

> ISO 28 1 Rolling bearings. Dynamic load carrying capacity and durability

> ISO 76 Rolling bearings. Static load carrying capacity

# QUALITY MANAGEMENT



Production plants of the KINEX BEARINGS are certified in accordance with standard ISO 9001, IRIS, ISO/TS 16 949, ISO 14 001 and OHSAS 18001 for the field of development and production of the roller and ball bearings by a certification Company 3EC International.

Development and manufacturing of bearings has established and maintains a quality management system according international railway industry standard (IRIS). Because of the amount of all certificates we work simultaneously on a complex quality management system that will allow us to joint the mutual requirements of those standards with effective implementation of other requirements.

#### **QUALITY CERTIFICATES**





# ESSENTIAL CONDITION OF RELIABLE OPERATION OF CYLINDRICAL ROLLER BEARINGS IS OBSERVANCE OF MOUNTING AND DISMOUNTING PRINCIPLES:

- fitting tolerances
- > shape deviations
- > warming up of bearings (inner rings)
- > qualified mounting workplace
- > trained and qualified employees
- > using of suitable jigs
- > keeping of fixed procedures

Special single row cylindrical roller bearings used in axle railway vehicle seatings are produced with machined brass cage and glass-fibre inforced polyamide cage. Reinforced polyamide cage improves reliability and safety. Single row cylindrical roller bearings in design NU, NJ, NUP used in railway drive systems and traction mo-tors are produced with machined brass cage version E.



# TECHNICAL DATA

# OF ROLLING BEARINGS FOR THE RAILWAY VEHICLES

Rolling bearings used in production of railway vehicles are produced in standardized types ISO and also as special single row cylindrical roller bearings. The main advantages of cylindrical roller bearings usage are their simple design, easy assembly, easy maintenance and reliability in operation. Cylindrical roller bearings are characterized by low friction resistance, low temperature, low component wear and high load rating.

## MATERIAL

#### Structure of the steel after heat treatment:

Martensite in which the residual austenite varies in the range from 3 to 10 %. This residual austenite in axle bearings is  $\leq$  2 %.

# Hardness of the bearing rings after heat treatment is in the range:

58-64 HRC (dispersion of measured values between all rings of one bearing must not be more than 3 HRC). To assure dimensional stability through the whole operational period, the bearing rings for axle bearings are stabilized by means of heat treatment on  $200\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  (S1).

# Hardness of rollers after heat treatment is in the range:

60-65 HRC (dispersion of measured values between all rollers of one bearing must not be more than 4 HRC).

#### Bearing rings:

Chromium steel through-hardening in the whole cross section: 100 Cr6, 100 CrMnSi6-4

#### Bearing rollers:

Chromium steel through-hardening in the whole cross section: 100 Cr6, 100 CrMnSi6-4

#### Cages:

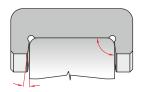
Polyamide cage: material Pa 66gf25 hZ Machined brass cage: material CuZn40Pb2, CuZn37AI1, CuZn3IMnAM, MS58AI



## INTERNAL DESIGN

#### DESIGN OF ROLLER FACE AND QUIDE FLANGE

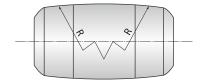
it optimizes lubrication of a contact zone in the contact area and thus it increases axial load carrying capacity of the bearing.

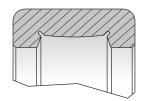




#### ZB PROFILE OF THE ROLLERS AND RACEWAY

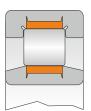
it takes part on minimizing of the edge stress and thus also on increasing of durability and reliability of the bearing.



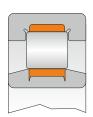


#### **CONTACT EFFECTIVE STRESS**

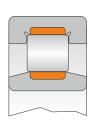
ZB optimizes the contact effective stress created on external and internal bearing ring.



Cylindrical roller without ZB profile and non-convexed raceways of the rings



Roller ZB profile and raceway ZB profile of the outer ring. Non-convexed raceway of the inner ring



Roller ZB profile and convexed raceways of the rings (KINEX design)

## LIFE CALCULATION

Single-row cylindrical roller bearings life calculation for railway vehicle axleboxes is based on the radial static load acting on the bearings of one wheel set i.e. axle load which is calculated from the equation:

$$G_1 = \frac{G}{n} - G_2$$

where:
G - weight of the vehicle (kN)
G<sub>1</sub> - radial static load acting on one wheel set (axle load) (kN)
G<sub>2</sub> - weight of a wheel set and others unsprung parts (kN)
n - number of wheel sets

Then radial static load acting on one bearing will be:

$$P_{or} = \frac{G_1}{4}$$

 $G_1$  - radial static load acting on one wheel set (kN) (axle load)  $P_{or}$  - radial static load acting on one bearing (kN)

Radial equivalent dynamic load acting on one bearing is calculated from the equation:

 $P_r = P_{or} f_d$ 

- radial equivalent dynamic load acting on one bearing (kN)

 $P_{or}$  - radial static load acting on one bearing (kN)  $f_{d}$  - factor of additional forces (see table 1)

#### Factors of additional forces

Type of vehicle	f <sub>d</sub>
Passenger carriages	1.2 to 1.3
Goods, self-discharging and ingot wagons	1.2 to 1.4
Locomotives	1.3 to 1.8

Basic bearing life can be calculated from the equation:

$$L_{10kmr} = \left(\frac{C_r}{P_r}\right)^{\frac{10}{3}}.\pi.D_k.10^{-3}$$

where:

where:  $L_{10km}$  - basic bearing life ( $10^6$  km)  $C_r$  - basic radial dynamic load rating (see dimension tables) (kN)  $P_r$  - radial equivalent dynamic load acting on one bearing (kN)  $D_k$  - diameter of the vehicle wheel (mm)

# BEARING ARRANGEMENT INFLUENCE OF ARRANGEMENT ON BEARING LIFE

Bearing life is considerably influenced by arrangement of bearing rings on the shaft and at the housing. These parts should be manufactured with required quality and tolerances. According to the concrete operational conditions the rings are either push fitted (clearance fit) or force fitted (interference fit).

Essential condition for bearing arrangement is that the ring loaded on its circumference must be force fitted. Recommended values of shaft diameters and housing bore tolerances take into consideration all operational influences (type, direction and intensity of load, temperature ...) with loading during the whole workload time.

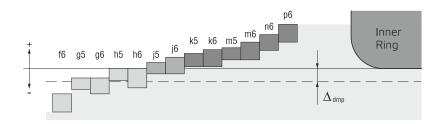
Recommended tolerances of journals diameters and housing bores

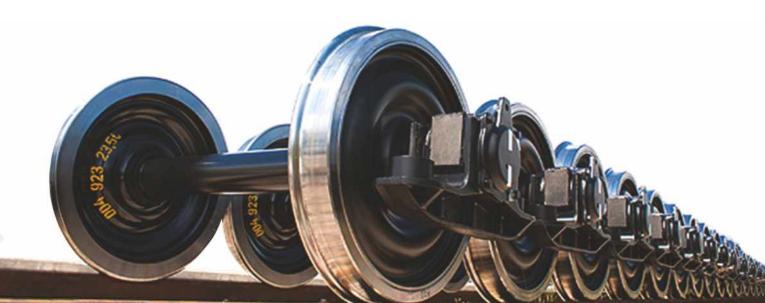
INCCOMMINENACE CONCREMENCES OF	jo di nois didineters dila	nousing bores			
Arrangement	Journal d	iameter	Tolerance	Housing bore diameter	Tolerance
	Ball	Roller			
Fans	18 to 100	to 40	j6	Fans	J7
Generators	100 to 200	40 to 140	k6	Electic motors	K7
	18 to 100	to 40	k5		
Electric motors	100 to 200	40 to 140	m5	Traction motors	M7
	140 to 200	100 to 140	m6		
Axlebox bearings		50 to 140	*n6, p6	Axlebox bearings	H7
Traction motorbearings		140 to 500	*n6, p6	Axlebox bearings	H7

<sup>\*</sup>It is necessary to use bearings with higher radial clearance at these arrangement.

Journal diameter tolerance limiting deviations

	20011101 GIGITIC	ter tolerance ii	initing c	CVIDCIO	113											
Journal nominal diameter			_ k	5	m	5	j€	5	kθ	5	m	6	n(	ō j	pθ	5
	mr							μr	n			'				
	over	to	upper	lower	upper	lower	upper	lower	upper	lower	upper	lower	upper	lower	upper	lower
	30	50	+13	+2	+20	+9	+11	-5	+18	+2	+25	+9	+33	+17	+42	+26
	50	80	+15	+2	+24	+11	+12	-7	+21	+2	+30	+11	+39	+20	+51	+32
	80	120	+18	+3	+28	+13	+13	-9	+25	+3	+35	+13	+45	+23	+59	+37
	120	180	+21	+3	+33	+15	+14	-11	+28	+3	+40	+15	+52	+27	+68	+43
ľ	180	250	+24	+4	+37	+17	+16	-13	+33	+4	+46	+17	+60	+31	+79	+50

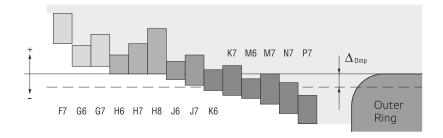






Bore diameter tolerance limiting deviations

		innening de rio								
Nominal bore	diameter	H	7	J:	7	K	7	, ,	17	
m	ηm				μ	m				
over	to	upper	lower	upper	lower	upper	lower	upper	lower	
50	80	+30	0	+18	-12	+9	-21	0	-30	
80	120	+35	0	+22	-13	+10	-25	0	-35	
120	180	+40	0	+26	-14	+12	-28	0	-40	
180	250	+46	0	+30	-16	+13	-33	0	-46	
250	315	+52	0	+36	-16	+16	-36	0	-52	
315	400	+57	0	+39	-18	+17	-40	0	-57	



#### **SHAPE DEVIATIONS**

The further condition to achieve high bearing life in arrangements is to keep prescribed shape deviations of supporting areas and their surface quality. The shape deviations of supporting surfaces i.e. permissible deviation from roundness and cylindrical shape and permissible run – out of bearing surfaces with regard to the axle must be smaller than range of diameter tolerances.

Tolerance class	Place of arrangement from cylindrical shape	Permissible deviation	Permissible run-out of bearing surfaces with regard to the axle
P0, P6	shaft	IT 5/2	IT3
P0, P6	shape	IT 6/2	IT 4
1			

Values of standard tolerances IT

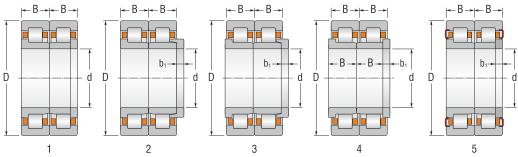
Nominal	diameter		Tole	erance cl	ass	+
m	m			μm		
over	to	IT 2	IT3	IT 4	IT 5	IT6
18	30	2.5	4	6	9	13
30	50	2.5	4	7	11	16
50	80	3	5	8	13	19
80	120	4	6	10	15	22
120	180	5	8	12	18	25

Arrangement quality is influenced also by roughness of bearing supporting surfaces. These surfaces are smoothened at mounting procedures. Interface in the arrangement is more reduced if the surfaces are more roughness.

Supporting surface	Nominal diameter				
	of the bearing				
f	rom 10 to 80	over 80			
	Ra <sub>max</sub> µm	h			
Shaft	0.63	1.25			
Housing´s bore	0.63	1.25			
Face of jounal shaft or housing	1.25	1.25			



# FOR AXLEBOXES



				1		2		3	4 5				
	Dimensions d D B b		Dimensions		+	Basic I	oad rating	Max. speed of railway vehicle	Weight of a post of bearings	+ + Res	arings designation	+	+ + + Cage +
d			b, +	dyn.	static	vehi	of a l	-	armgo aborgnation	+ ·	+ oayo		
			~1	cr	cor		<u>=</u>						
	m	m			kN	km/hour	kg	,					
-					+	1		1	0200	+ .	<del> </del>		
100	180	60.3		333.5	444.4	160	12	PLC 49-200-2-1 (WJ100x180)	PLC 49-201-2 (WJP 100x180) <sup>1)3)4)</sup>	1	TNG		
	180	120.6	-	333.5	444.4	160	12	WJ/WJP 100x180x120,6 P TN C4	OAE	1	TNG		
110	215	73	-	494.5	668.6	160	24.9	PLC 410-207-1 (WJ 110x215M)	PLC 410-208-1 (WJP 110x215M) <sup>1)4)5)</sup>	1	М		
118	215	80	-	519.8	740.9	160	25.7	PLC 410-213-3	PLC 410-214-3 <sup>1)4)5)</sup>	1	М		
	240	80	-	553.8	742.5	160	32.3	WJ 118x240x80 TN (PLC 410-13-2-3)	WJP 118x240x80 P TN(PLC 410-14-2-3)11	1	TNG		
	240	80	-	553.8	742.5	160	34.2	PLC 410-23	PLC 410-24 <sup>1)2)4)</sup>	1	TNG		
118.5	240	80	-	553.8	742.5	160	34.2	WJ 118,5x240x80 TN (PLC 410-13-2-6)			М		
119	240	80	-	553.8	742.5	160	32.1	WJ 119x240x80 TN (PLC 410-13-2-4)	WJP 119x240x80 P TN (PLC 410-14-2-4)		TNG		
119.3	240	80	-	553.8	742.5	160	31.7	WJ 119,3x240x80 TN (PLC 410-13-2-5)	WJP 119,3x240x80 P TN (PLC 410-14-2-5	j) <sup>1)3)4)</sup> 1	TNG		
120	200	62	-	372.8	549.1	120	16	PLC 49-202	PLC 49-203 <sup>1)4)5)</sup>	1	М		
	215	73	_	518.5	717.5	160	21	PLC 410-231-2 (WJ 120x215x73)	PLC 410-232-2 (WJP 120x215x73) <sup>1)3)4)</sup>	1	TNG		
	215	80		519.8	740.9	160	25.2	PLC 410-213	PLC 410-214 <sup>(1)2)4)</sup>	1	М		
	240	80		553.8	742.5	160	33.7	PLC 410-13	PLC 410-14 <sup>1)2)4)</sup>	1	М		
	240	80		553.8	742.5	160	33.7	PLC 410-13-1	PLC 410-14-1 <sup>1)4)5)</sup>	1	М		
	240	80		553.8	742.5	160	31.7	WJ 120x240x80 TN (PLC 410-13-2)	WJP 120x240x80 P TN (PLC 410-14-2) <sup>1)3</sup>	)4) 1	TNG		
128	240	80		516.3	752.1	160	33.1	PLC 410-15-3	PLC 410-16-3 <sup>1)3)4)</sup>	1	М		
	240	80		516.3	752.1	160	31	PLC 410-15-2-3 (WJ 128x240)	PLC 410-16-2-3 (WJP 128x240) <sup>1)3)4)</sup>	1	TNG		
1	240	80		539.6	775.4	160	30.28	WJ 128x240x80 TN (PLC 410-33-2-3)	WJP 128x240x80 P TN (PLC 410-34-2-3)	1)3)4) 1	TNG		
129	240	80		516.3	752.1	160	32.9	PLC 410-15-4	PLC 410-16-4 <sup>1)3)4)</sup>	1	М		
	240	80		516.3	752.1	160	30.8	PLC 410-15-2-4 (WJ 129x240)	PLC 410-16-2-4 (WJP 129x240) <sup>1)3)4)</sup>	1	TNG		
	240	80	- '	539.6	775.4	160	30.2	WJ 129x240x80 TN (PLC 410-33-2-4)	WJP 129x240x80 P TN (PLC 410-34-2-4)	1)3)4) 1	TNG		
129.3	240	80	-	539.6	775.4	160	30.18	WJ 129,3x240x80 TN (PLC 410-33-2-9)	WJP 129,3x240x80 P TN (PLC 410-34-2-	9)1)3)4) 1	TNG		
130	220	73	-	505.0	761.7	160	21.08	PLC 410-223-2	PLC 410-224-2 <sup>1)3)4)</sup>	1	TNG		
1	240	80	-	516.3	752.1	160	32.6	PLC 410-15	PLC 410-16 <sup>1)2)4)</sup>	1	М		
1	240	80	-	516.3	752.1	160	30.5	PLC 410-15-2 (WJ 130x240)	PLC 410-16-2 (WJP 130x240) <sup>1)3)4)</sup>	1	TNG		
+	240	80	-	539.6	775.4	160	32.7	PLC 410-33-1	PLC 410-34-1 <sup>1)2)4)</sup>	1	M		
1	240	80	-	539.6	775.4	160	30.2	WJ 130x240x80 TN (PLC 410-33-2)	WJP 130x240x80 P TN (PLC 410-34-2) <sup>1)3</sup>	1)4)	TNG		
+	240	86	21.55	539.6	775.4	160	30.7	WJ 130x240x80 TN (PLC 410-33-2)	WJP 130x240x86 P TN (PLC 410-34-2-6)	1)3)4)	TNG		
	240	160	-	539.6	775.4	200	30.6	PLC 410-215/216		5	TNG		
	250	80	- '	580.0	800.3	160	36.6	PLC 410-17	PLC 410-18 <sup>1)2)4)</sup>	1	M		
1	250	80	-	580.0	800.3	160	34.2	PLC 410-17-2	PLC 410-18-2 <sup>1)3)4)</sup>	1	TNG		
158	300	84	15	869.5	1214.3	160	58.3	PLC 411-200	PLC 411-201 <sup>1)2)4)</sup>	2	M		
159	300	84	15	869.5	1214.3	160	57.9	PLC 411-20	PLC 411-21 <sup>1)2)4)</sup>	2	M		
160	300	84	15	869.5	1214.3	160	57.5	PLC 411-10	PLC 411-12 <sup>1)2)4)</sup>	2	M		
180	320	86	12	713.5	1082.8	160	64.6	NJ2236 M C 4A450-900	NUC2236 M C4 + HJ2236 X 16.33 <sup>2)4)</sup>	2	M		
1	320	86	15	713.5	1082.8	160	64.9	NJ2236 XM C4	NUC2236 M C4 + PLC 810-1	3	M		
4	320	86	15	713.5	1082.8	160	64.9	NJ2236 XMAS C4	NUC2236 MAS C4 + PLC 810-1	3	MAS		
1	320	86	17	713.5	1082.8	160	64.8	NJ2236 XM C4	NUC2236 M C4+príložný krúžok NUP2230		M		
1)					+	+			princenj mazok nor ezot	· ·			

Pair of bearings is marked shortly e. g. PLC 410-13/14

Machined brass cage (steel riveted) or-1 (cross piece riveted)

Glass-fiber reinforced polyamide cage, roller centred
Inner ring interchangeable

Two-piece machined brass pronged cage

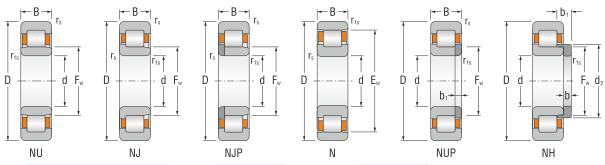
M - two-piece machined brass cage, roller centred

MAS - two-piece machined brass cage with lubrication grooves, outer ring centred

TNG - polyamide cage



# FOR LOCOMOTIVES



	b1 s <sup>1)</sup>
Name	h1 e <sup>1)</sup>
70         150         51         NU2314EMAP         273.8         322.9         2 730         3 250         4.507           75         150         51         NUP2314EMAP R110-130NAS0         273.8         322.9         2 730         3 250         4.680         2.1         2.1         89           75         160         55         NU2314EMAP R170-190NAS0         329.4         394.5         2 470         2 925         5.468         2.1         2.1         95           85         210         52         NU2315EMAP R170-190NAS0         329.4         394.5         2 470         2 925         6.661         2.1         2.1         95           85         210         52         NU2315EMAP R170-190NAS0         329.4         394.5         2 470         2 925         6.661         2.1         2.1         95           85         210         52         NU2417AM P6R155-172NAA260-491         355         381.8         3 000         3 500         10.000         4         4         113.5         124         12           90         190         43         NJ318EM         HJ318E         310.8         346.9         3 000         3 500         6.029         0.661         4         <	טו ט
150   51   NUP2314EMAP R110-130NAS0   273.8   322.9   2730   3 250   4.680   2.1   2.1   89   50     160   55   NU2314EMAP R170-190NAS0   329.4   394.5   2 470   2 92.5   5.468   2.1   2.1   95   50     160   55   NU2315EMAP R170-190NAS0   329.4   394.5   2 470   2 92.5   6.661   2.1   2.1   95   50     160   55   NU2315EMAP R170-190NASO   329.4   394.5   2 470   2 92.5   6.661   2.1   2.1   95   50     170   180	
150   51   NUP2314EMAP R110-130NAS0   273.8   32.9   2730   3 250   4.680   2.1   2.1   89   50     150   55   NU2314EMAP R170-190NAS0   329.4   394.5   2 470   2 925   5.468   2.1   2.1   95   50     150   55   NU2315EMAP R170-190NAS0   329.4   394.5   2 470   2 925   6.661   2.1   2.1   95   50     150   50   NU2315EMAP R170-190NAS0   329.4   394.5   2 470   2 925   6.661   2.1   2.1   95   50     150   50   NUP417AM P6R155-172NAA260-491   355   381.8   3 000   3 500   10.000   4   4   4   113   5   124   12     150   43   NU318EM   HJ318E   310.8   346.9   3 000   3 500   6.230   0.641   4   4   4   113.5   124   12     150   43   NU318M   HJ318   234.9   258.4   3 200   3 800   5.250   4   4   4   115   125   12     150   43   NU318M   HJ318   234.9   258.4   3 200   3 800   5.910   0.667   4   4   115   125   12     150   43   NU318M   HJ318   234.9   258.4   3 200   3 800   5.910   0.667   4   4   115   125   12     150   43   NU318M   HJ318   234.9   258.4   3 200   3 800   5.520   0.667   4   4   115   125   12     150   43   NU318   HJ318   234.9   258.4   3 200   3 800   5.520   0.667   4   4   115   125   12     150   43   NU318   HJ318   234.9   258.4   3 200   3 800   5.520   0.667   4   4   115   125   12     150   43   NU318   HJ318   234.9   258.4   3 200   3 800   5.520   0.667   4   4   115   125   12     150   43   NU318   HJ318   234.9   258.4   3 200   3 800   5.520   0.667   4   4   115   125   12     150   43   NU318   HJ318   234.9   258.4   3 200   3 800   5.520   0.667   4   4   115   125   12     150   43   NU318   HJ318   234.9   258.4   3 200   3 800   5.520   0.667   4   4   115   125   12     150   43   NU318   HJ318   234.9   258.4   3 200   3 800   5.520   0.667   4   4   115   125   12     150   43   NU318   HJ318   234.9   258.4   3 200   3 800   5.520   0.667   4   4   115   125   12     150   44   NU318   HJ318   234.9   258.4   3 200   3 800   5.520   0.667   4   4   115   125   12     150   45   HJ318   HJ318   HJ318   234.9   258.4   3 200   3 800   5.520   0.667   4	
75         160         55         NU2314EMAP R170-190NAS0         329.4         394.5         2 470         2 925         5.468         2.1         2.1         95           85         160         55         NU2315EMAP R170-190NAS0         329.4         394.5         2 470         2 925         6.661         2.1         2.1         95         95           85         210         52         NUP417AM P6R155-172NAA260-491         355         381.8         3000         3 500         10.000         4         4         4         113.5         124         12           90         190         43         NJ318EM         HJ318E         310.8         346.9         3 000         3 500         6.229         0.641         4         4         113.5         124         12           190         43         NJ318M         HJ318         234.9         258.4         3 200         3 800         6.070         0.667         4         4         115         125         12           190         43         NU318M         HJ318         234.9         258.4         3 200         3 800         5.910         0.667         4         4         115         125         12	4.1
St   St   NU2315EMAP R170-190NASO   329.4   394.5   2470   2 925   6.661   2.1   2.1   95   10	8.5
85         210         52         NUP417AM P6R155-172NAA260-491         355         381.8         3 000         3 500         10.000         4         4         113         124         12           90         190         43         NJ318EM         HJ318E         310.8         346.9         3 000         3 500         6.230         0.641         4         4         113.5         124         12           190         43         NU318EM         HJ318         234.9         258.4         3 200         3 800         6.070         0.667         4         4         115         125         12           190         43         NJ318M         HJ318         234.9         258.4         3 200         3 800         5.250         4         4         115         125         12           190         43         NU318M         HJ318         234.9         258.4         3 200         3 800         5.910         0.667         4         4         115         125         12           190         43         NU318MA         HJ318         234.9         258.4         3 200         3 800         5.910         0.667         4         4         115         125	4.5
90         190         43         NJ318EM         HJ318E         310.8         346.9         3 000         3 500         6.230         0.641         4         4         113.5         124         12           190         43         NU318EM         HJ318E         310.8         346.9         3 000         3 500         6.229         0.641         4         4         113.5         124         12           190         43         NJ318M         HJ318         234.9         258.4         3 200         3 800         6.070         0.667         4         4         115         125         12           190         43         NU318M         HJ318         234.9         258.4         3 200         3 800         5.250         4         4         115         125         12           190         43         NU318M         HJ318         234.9         258.4         3 200         3 800         5.910         0.667         4         4         115         125         12           190         43         NU318MA         HJ318         234.9         258.4         3 200         3 800         5.910         0.667         4         4         115         125 <th>8.5</th>	8.5
190       43       NU318EM       HJ318E       310.8       346.9       3 000       3 500       6.229       0.641       4       4       113.5       124       12         190       43       NJ318M       HJ318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       6.070       0.667       4       4       115       125       12         190       43       N318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.250       4       4       115       125       12         190       43       NU318M       HJ318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.910       0.667       4       4       115       125       12         190       43       NU318MA       HJ318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.910       0.667       4       4       115       125       12         190       43       NJ318       HJ318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.910       0.667       4       4       115       125       12         190       43       NJ318       HJ318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.	10
190       43       NJ318M       HJ318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       6.070       0.667       4       4       115       125       12         190       43       N318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.250       4       4       165         190       43       NU318M       HJ318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.910       0.667       4       4       115       125       12         190       43       NU318MA       HJ318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.910       0.667       4       4       115       125       12         190       43       NJ318       HJ318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.910       0.667       4       4       115       125       12         190       43       NJ318       HJ318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.520       0.667       4       4       115       125       12         190       43       NU318       HJ318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.360       0.667       4<	18.5 2
190       43       N318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.250       4       4       165         190       43       NU318M       HJ318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.910       0.667       4       4       115       125       12         190       43       NU318MA       HJ318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.910       0.667       4       4       115       125       12         190       43       NJ318       HJ318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.520       0.667       4       4       115       125       12         190       43       NU318       HJ318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.520       0.667       4       4       115       125       12	18.5 2
190       43       NU318M       HJ318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.910       0.667       4       4       115       125       12         190       43       NU318MA       HJ318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.910       0.667       4       4       115       125       12         190       43       NJ318       HJ318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.520       0.667       4       4       115       125       12         190       43       NU318       HJ318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.360       0.667       4       4       115       125       12	21 2
190       43       NU318MA       HJ318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.910       0.667       4       4       115       125       12         190       43       NJ318       HJ318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.520       0.667       4       4       115       125       12         190       43       NU318       HJ318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.360       0.667       4       4       115       125       12         190       43       NU318       HJ318       234.9       258.4       3 200       3 800       5.360       0.667       4       4       115       125       12	2
190 43 <b>NJ318</b>	21 2
190 43 <b>NU318 HJ318</b> 234.9 258.4 3 200 3 800 5.360 0.667 4 4 115 125 12	21 2
	21 2
100 /3 NII319EMAD D120 15080 210 8 246 0 1 050 2 275 5 055 2 2 112 5	21 2
	2
<b>95</b> 200 45 <b>NJ319EM</b> 328.9 378.5 2800 3300 7.170 4 4 121.5	1.9
240 55 <b>NJ419M</b> 415.2 465.0 2 500 3 000 13.860 4 4 133.5	2.5
240 55 <b>NU419M</b> 415.2 465.0 2 500 3 000 13.570 4 4 133.5	2.5
<b>100</b> 180 34 <b>NJ220EX6M P64S0</b> 191.3 230.8 3 500 4 200 3.935 2.1 2.1 119	2
180 34 <b>NJP220EX6M P64S0</b> 191.3 230.8 3 500 4 200 3.931 2.1 2.1 119	
215 47 <b>NU320EMA</b> 379.1 424.3 2 700 3 200 8.840 4 4 127.5	2
215 47 <b>NJ320EAM C4 SP1B F1 HJ320EA F1</b> 379.2 424.3 2 800 3 300 8.700 0.900 4 4 127.5 215 13	20.5 2
<b>105</b> 260 60 <b>NJ421M</b>	27 2.5
260 60 <b>NU421M HJ421</b> 515.1 585.1 2 200 2 700 17.250 1.740 4 4 144.5 159.7 16	27 2.5
<b>110</b> 200 38 <b>NJ222EX6M P64S0</b> 240.1 289.7 3 200 3 800 5.508 2.1 2.1 132.5	2.5
200 38 <b>NJP222EX6M P64S0</b> 240.1 289.7 3 200 3 800 5.511 2.1 2.1 132.5	
240 50 <b>NJ322EM</b> 439.6 507.6 2 400 2 800 12.006 4 4 143	2.9
240 50 <b>NU322EM</b> 439.6 507.6 2 400 2 800 11.806 4 4 143	2.9
240 50 <b>NJ322M HJ322</b> 401.0 467.1 2 500 3 000 11.830 1.020 4 4 143 147.5 13	22.5 2.7
240 50 <b>NJ322MA HJ322</b> 401.0 467.1 2 500 3 000 11.830 1.020 4 4 143 147.5 13	22.5 2.7
240 50 <b>N322M</b> 401.0 467.1 2 500 3 000 11.420 4 4 207	2.7
	22.5 2.7
280 65 <b>NJ422M</b> 569.5 654.7 2 100 2 500 22.350 4 4 155	
280 65 <b>NU422M</b> 569.5 654.7 2 100 2 500 21.880 4 4 155	2.7

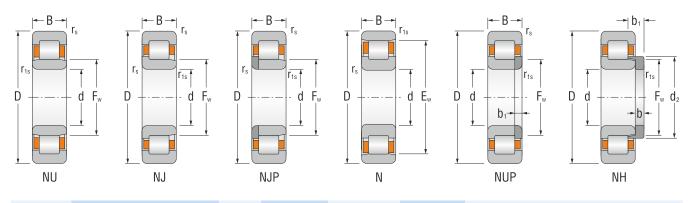
Permissible axial displacement out of central position

E – bearings with higher load rating

M - two piece machined brass cage, roller centred
MA - two piece machined brass cage, outer ring centred

MAP - machined brass cage

# FOR LOCOMOTIVES



Dimensions		nsions	Bearings	Angle ring	Basic lo	ad rating	Limiting speed → for lubrication		Mass of  Angle  Bearing		Dimensions							
			† designation		dynamic	static												
d		D B		HJ	C <sub>r</sub>	$\mathbf{C}_{\mathrm{or}}$	grease	oil	nearing	ring	rs <sub>min</sub>	r1s <sub>min</sub>	Fw	Ew	d2	b	b1	<b>S</b> <sup>1)</sup>
	n	nm			kN		min <sup>-1</sup>		kg				mm					
+			1	<b>+</b>	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-									<del></del>
120	_2	15 58	NU2224EMAP R150-18080	+	446.4	609.2	1 950	2 275	9.279		2.1	2.1	143.5					4.6
	+	15 58	NUP2224EMAP R150-180 A 180-30080	 <del> </del>	446.4	609.2	1 950	2 275	9.604		2.1	2.1	144.5				9	
	2	60 55	NU324M	<del> </del>	465.1	534.1	2 400	2 800	14.700		4	4	154					
	+	60 55	NJ324M	l	465.1	534.1	2 400	2 800	14.700		4	4	154					
	+	60 55	NUP324M	<del> </del>	465.1	534.1	2 400	2 800	14.700		4	4	154					
	+	60 55	NH324M	HJ324	465.1	534.1	2 400	2 800	14.700	1.400	4	4	154		164	14	22.5	
	+	60 55	NU324EM	<del> </del>	516.2	592.8	2 200	2 700	15.200		4	4	154					
	+	10 72	NU424M	<del>                                     </del>	714.4	834.5	1 900	2 200	30.590		5	5	170					
+	+	10 72	NJ424M		714.4	834.5	1 900	2 200	30.590		5	5	170					
130	+	80 58	NU326EM	HJ326E	603.2	715.6	2 000	2 400	18.600	1.700	4	4	167		182	14	23	2.9
	+	80 58	NJ326EM	HJ326E	603.2	715.6	2 000	2 400	19.000	1.700	4	4	167		182	14	23	2.9
1	-	80 58	NJ326EMP C480	HJ326E SO		715.6	2 000	2 400	18.361	1.666	4	4	167		182	14	23	2.9
140	+		NJP228EMA	+	385.1	502.0	2 300	2 800	9.650		4	4	169					1.6
	+	50 42	NU228EMA	+	385.1	502.0	2 300	2 800	9.440		4	4	169				<del></del>	1.6
	+	50 42	N228M	<del> </del>	318.3	410.5	2 500	3 000	8.897		4	4	- 100	221				2.5
	+	50 42	NUP228M	<del> </del>	318.3	410.5	2 500	3 000	9.870		4	4	169					
	+	50 42	NJ228M	H	318.3	410.5	2 500	3 000	9.330		4	4	169					2.5
	+	50 42	NU228M	<del> </del>	318.3	410.5	2 500	3 000	9.110		4	4	169					2.5
	+	50 68	NU2228EMAP R170-20080	1	615.3	903.6	2 000	2 500	14.991		3	3	169					6.6
	+	50 68	NUP222 8EMAP	1	615.3	903.6	2 000	2 500	15.513		3	3	169					12
	+	00 62	NU328M	<del></del>	603.4	725.8	2 000	2 400	22.100		4	4	180					2.7
	+	00 62	NJ328M	-	603.4	725.8	2 000	2 400	22.840		4	4	180		-			2.7
	+	_	NJ2328EM	<del> </del>	1 018.8	1 384.5	1 900	2 200	37.600		4	4	180					7.9
	+	00 102		+	909.3	1 229.8	2 000	2 400	36.760		4	4	180					9.2
	+	00 102	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	1110000	1 018.8	1 384.5	1 900	2 200	37.600	0.000	4	4	180		1070	1.	00.5	7.9
	+		NJ2328M	HJ2328	909.3	1 229.8	2 000	2 400	36.100	2.380	4	4	180		197.6	15	33.5	9.2
	+	00 102		HJ2328	909.3	1 229.8	2 000	2 400	35.300	2.380	4	4	180		197.6	15	33.5	9.2
-	3	60 82	NJ428X5M	1	952.8	1 117.7	1 600	1 900	47.160		5	5	196		-			

Permissible axial displacement out of central position

E - bearings with higher load rating

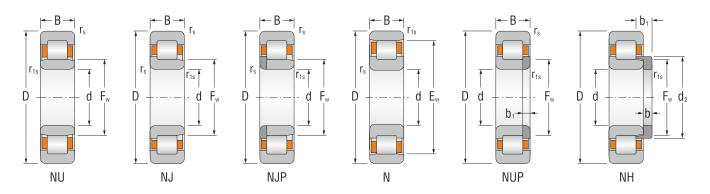
M - two piece machined brass cage, roller centred

MA – two piece machined brass cage, outer ring centred

MAP - machined brass cage



# FOR LOCOMOTIVES



Dimensions	Bearings	Angle ring	Basic Io	ad rating	Limiting		s of	Dimensions								
	designation	<u> </u>	dynamic	static	for lubrication		Dooring	Angle								
d D B	<del>-</del>	HJ	C,	C <sub>or</sub>	grease	oil	+ Bearing	ring	rs <sub>min</sub>	r1s <sub>min</sub>	Fw	Ew	d2	b	b1	<b>S</b> <sup>1)</sup>
mm			kN		min <sup>-1</sup>		kg			mm		m				
<b>150</b> 270 45	NJP230EMA		440.2	581.3	2 200	2 700	12.520		4	4	182					2.4
270 45	NJ230EMA		440.2	581.3	2 200	2 700	12.520		4	4	182					2.4
270 45	NU230EMA		440.2	581.3	2 200	2 700	12.160		4	4	182					2.4
270 45	NJ230EM		440.2	581.3	2 200	2 700	12.520		4	4	182					2.4
270 45	NU230EM		440.2	581.3	2 200	2 700	12.000		4	4	182		-			2.4
270 45	NUP230M		367.7	480.5	2 200	2 700	12.050		4	4	182					
270 45	NJ230M		367.7	480.5	2 200	2 700	11.800		4	4	182					2.4
270 45	NU230M		367.7	480.5	2 200	2 700	11.800	<b>-</b>	4	4	182					2.4
320 65	NJ330EM		757.6	921.6	1 800	2 100	27.100		4	4	193					1.8
320 65	NJ330M	HJ330	663.1	807.4	1 900	2 200	26.840	2.420	4	4	193		210	15	26.5	2.7
320 65	NU330M	HJ330	663.1	807.4	1 900	2 200	26.280	2.420	4	4	193		210	15	26.5	2.7
320 65	NU330AH1M P6R185-210NA		663.1	807.4	1 900	2 200	26.200		4	4	193					2.7
<b>160</b> 290 48	NJ232EM	HJ232E	498.6	666.4	2 000	2 400	14.700	1.520	4	4	195		206.2	12	20	2.5
340 67	NJ332EM		857.8	1 053.2	1 700	2 000	32.200		4	4	195		-			2.5
340 68	NJ332EAM P6R190-215NA		857.8	1 053.2	1700	2 000	31.700		4	4	204		· · · ·		-	2.4
<b>170</b> 310 52	,	HJ234E	589.0	777.2	1 900	2 200	18.400	1.740	4	4	207		221.4	12	20	2.9
310 52	The state of the s	HJ234E	589.0	777.2	1 900	2 200	16.600	1.740	4	4	207		221.4	12	20	2.9
180 280 46	NU1036M		334.6	474.5	2 100	2 500	9.858	1.000	2.1	2.1	205		000 5	40	- 00	3.6
320 52	NJ236EM	HJ236E	611.3	826.0	1 800	2 100	19.500	1.820	4	4	217		230.5	12	20	2.9
320 52	The state of the s	HJ236E	611.3	826.0	1 800	2 100	19.200	1.820	4	4	217		230.5	12	20	2.9
320 86	NU2236EAM C4 F1		992.4	1 483.4	1 870	2 720	30.900		4	4	215					6.9
190 290 46	NJP1038EMA	-	411.2	612.0	1 970	2 360	12.100		2.1	2.1	214	-	-			2.5
290 46	NU1038M		354.8	520.3	1 900	2 200	9.510		2.1	2.1	215	-			-	3.5
340 55 <b>200</b> 310 51	NU238EMAP C4SO		678.3	927	1 300	1 950	22.228		4	4	230	-	-		-	2.1
	NUP1040M	-	381.9	567.1	1 900	2 200	14.750		2.1 2.1	2.1	229		-		-	4.0
	NJ1040M		381.9	567.1	1 900	2 200	14.000			2.1	229	-	-		-	4.2
310 51	NU1040M	ППЛОС	381.9	567.1	1 900	2 200	13.804	0.710	2.1	2.1	229		2570	1/	00	4.2
360 58	NJ240EM	HJ240E	749.9	1 033.7	1 500	1 800	27.900	2.710	4	4	243	-	257.8	14	23	2.9
360 58	NU240EM	HJ240E	749.9	1 033.7	1 500	1 800	27.300	2.710	4	4	243		257.8	14	23	2.9

Permissible axial displacement out of central position

E - bearings with higher load rating

M - two piece machined brass cage, roller centred

MA – two piece machined brass cage, outer ring centred

MAP - machined brass cage





# YOUR PARTNER FOR INDUSTRY







Contact KINEX BEARINGS, a.s. 1. maja 71/36 014 83 Bytca Slovakia

**Technical support:** servis.in@kinexbearings.sk

www.kinex.sk